

SORGHUM: SMART FEED, SUSTAINABLE FUTURE

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WHAT CHALLENGES FOR LIVESTOCK FARMS IN 2025?









WHAT CHALLENGES FOR FARMERS IN 2025?

- 1) CONTAIN PRODUCTION COSTS
- 2) ACHIEVE GREATER EFFICIENCY AND CORPORATE SUSTAINABILITY

(animal welfare, production performance, limiting the use of antibiotics, reducing GHG emissions, N e minerals).

3) PRODUCE FORAGE AND GRAINS ON YOUR OWN FARMS AND/OR IN THE SUPPLY CHAIN FOR THE QUALITY AND QUALIFICATION OF THE FINAL PRODUCT.









THE IMPORTANT ROLE OF GENETICS

The challenges that await us in the coming years are climate change and sustainability, which we can overcome. HOW?

Thanks to the substantial contribution made by **advanced plant genetics**, which can help determine agricultural production that uses

fewer natural resources, fewer pesticides, fewer fertilizers, and lower amounts of energy.

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- 1) To CONTAIN PRODUCTION COSTS
- 2) For GREATER EFFICIENCY and CORPORATE SUSTAINABILITY



3) To PRODUCE FODDER and GRAINS on YOUR OWN FARMS for the LOCAL SUPPLY CHAINS → Distributing the VALUE of the supply chain THROUGHOUT THE TERRITORY







SORGHUM- A PLANT THAT REPRESENTS RESILIENCE





The 5th most produced cereal on Earth (61.687.000 Tons)
Approximately 40.000 hectares of grain sorghum in Italy, approx. 25.000 hectares of silage/hay sorghum.

MACROTHERMAL SPECIES

C4 PHOTOSYNTHESIS

LIMITED WATER NEEDS

HEALTHY GRAINS FREE OF MYCOTOXINS

ENERGETIC AND DIGESTIBLE GRAINS



Main destination

ANIMAL FARMING







WHICH APPLICATIONS?





THE ENTIRE SORGHUM PLANT











THE ENTIRE SORGHUM PLANT



THE ENTIRE SORGHUM PLANT

Fodder and Hays are irreplaceable foods in ruminant rations

Sorghum entire sorghum plant is:

- 1) Produced directly on livestock farms
- 2) Interesting for < CH4 emissions
- 3) High palatability and high digestibility.





The entire sorghum plant: great genetic variability in

Forage Sorghum

SINGLE-CUT:

They are harvested only once

SILAGE SORGHUM:

high quality (high palatability and digestibility) silage mainly for beef cattle and dairy cows

es: Sorghum BMR / sugar sorghum

BIOMASS SORGHUM WITH GRAIN:

less digestible and more fibrous, large amount of biomass

MULTI-CUT:

They are generally mown/grazed.

SUDAN GRASS TYPE:

thin culms and leaves, earlier ripening than hybrids

HYBRID TYPE

(SORGHUM BICOLOR x SUDAN GRASS) with higher production potential and greater vegetative vigor









The BENEFITS of silage sorghum

- Low water requirement, compared to silage corn
- Lower fertilization requirement
- Fiber (NDF) more digestible than corn silage fiber
- • drought stress (normally the plant is not stressed by lack of water, but its growth slows down and then starts again)
- Cost-effectiveness of initial investments
- Great palatability
- Growth speed









WHEN TO HARVEST sorghum for silage?

Harvest when the dry matter content is between 27% and 32%

Values lower than 27% <u>reduce</u> ↓ the nutritional value of the forage

Values above 32% increase the percentage of indigestible fiber and the presence of indigestible grains







NEW TECHNIQUE

GRAIN SORGHUM + SUGAR SORGHUM







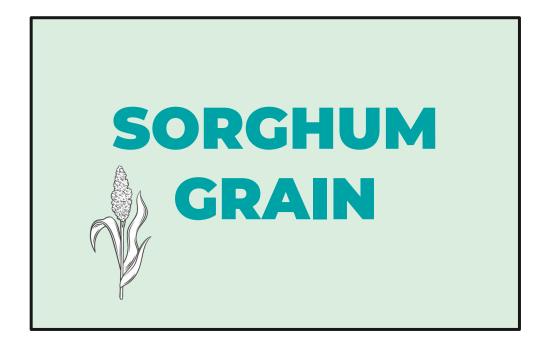
Sown in **ALTERNATE ROWS** (distance between rows 45 – 75 cm)

Promotes competitiveness and height of grain sorghum.

Pay attention to the correspondence of the production cycle between the two materials.





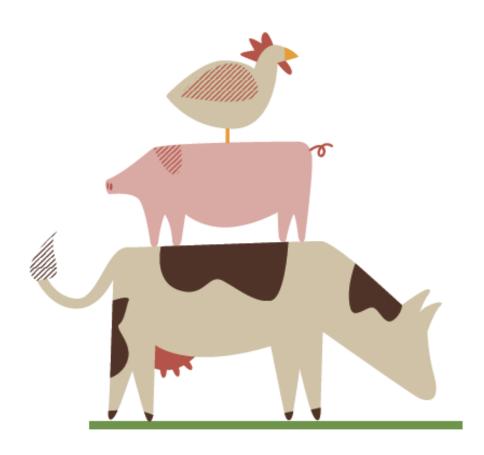


SILAGE SORGHUM









GRAIN SORGHUM IN ANIMAL NUTRITION

POULTRY

It is the cereal with the highest energy value for chicken. Similar to corn.

PIGS

An energy-rich protein product, it has a high digestible energy content, especially for fattening pigs. Low linoleic acid content.

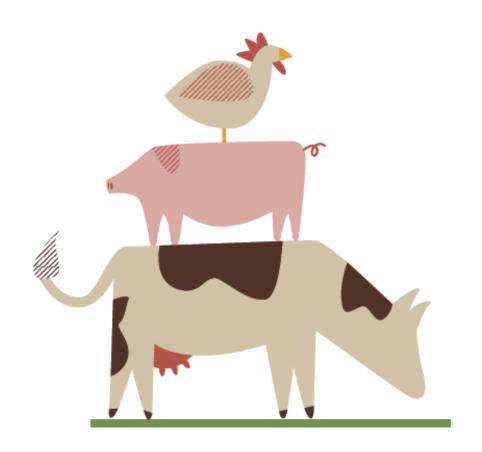
RUMINANTS

Grain sorghum can be included in energy concentrates as a supplement to forage. Unlike wheat, sorghum must be finely milled to be properly digested.



SORGHUM GRAIN APPLIED TO ANIMAL FEEDING

(INRA, 2002)



PIGS	CORN	SORGHUM	BARLEY
Gross energy(kcal/kg)	3860	3900	3810
ED (kcal/kg)	3390	3400	3070
EM (kcal/kg)	3310	3320	2970
EN (kcal/kg)	2650	2620	2280
LAYING HEN (kcal/kg)	3200	3300	2750
BROILER (kcal/kg)	3130	3230	2610
CATTLE	4.00		
Ufl (n/kg)	1.06	1.05	0.95
Ufc (n/kg)	1.06	1.06	0.93

Sorghum Grain Characteristics

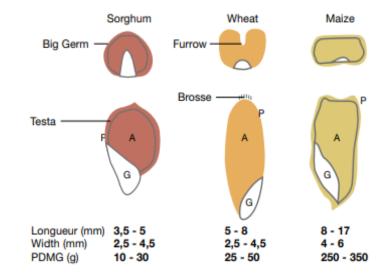
- It is the cereal **most similar to corn,** the most used feed.
- More proteins and less lipids

Predominant use of white varieties in ITALY.

	Corn	Sorghum
Dry matter(%)	86.4	86.5
Crude protein(%)	8.1	9.4
Raw fibre(%)	2.2	2.4
Crude lipids(%)	3.7	2.9
Ashes(%)	1.2	1.4
Starch(%)	64.1	64.1
Total sugars(%)	1.6	1.1

COMPARATIVE MORPHOLOGY

OF CEREAL GRAINS



THE PROBLEM OF CORN MYCOTOXINS

 Sorghum, due to its characteristics and cultivation and harvesting conditions, is less susceptible to fungal attacks and, therefore, to contamination by mycotoxins.

EXCELLENT ALTERNATIVE TO CORN!



SORGHUM APPLIED TO THE POULTRY INDUSTRY







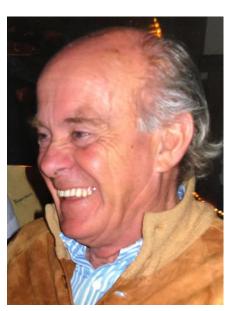
SORGHUM APPLIED TO ITALIAN SUPPLY CHAINS



The industrial application of sorghum in livestock feed began with the **POULTRY INDUSTRY** in Italy when Vittorio Venturoli obtained the exclusive right of **ARALBA** variety **in the mid-1980s**.

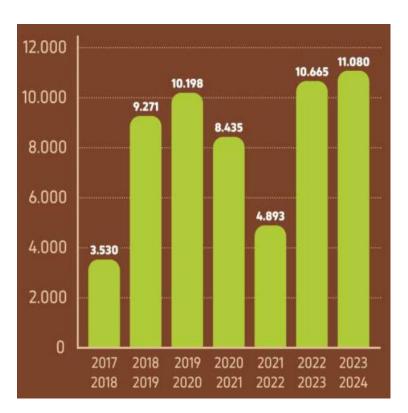
This **tannin-free variety** represented an opportunity for feed mills and farmers who combined **EXCELLENT PRODUCTION** with attractive prices even in **NON-IRRIGATED AREAS.**

Sorghum cultivation in Italy has specialized in **Emilia Romagna** since then.





SORGHUM APPLIED TO THE ORGANIC POULTRY SUPPLY CHAIN OF A LEADING COMPANY IN ITALY



With 11.000 contracted organic hectares sown in 11 regions and over 600 producers, this virtuous company's supply rate is 82%

The hectares of organic sorghum grown in this supply chain **are increasing** \uparrow (313 in 2023, 646 in 2024 and 846 in 2025)

Productivity varies greatly **between Northern** and **Southern Italy**

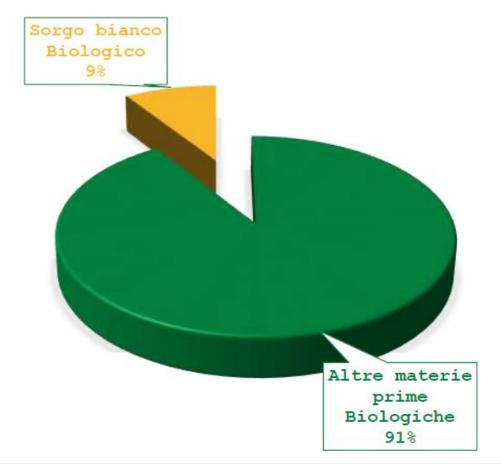








SORGHUM APPLIED TO THE ORGANIC POULTRY SUPPLY CHAIN OF A LEADING COMPANY IN ITALY



The varieties used are **white grain** and **free of tannins.**

A percentage **between 7 and 9%** of the ration is used within the formulation, based on the growth period of the animals.







SORGHUM APPLIED TO THE PARMIGIANO REGGIANO SUPPLY CHAIN







"THE LAND AND THE LIVESTOCK: A STAINLESS COMBINATION FOR PARMIGIANO REGGIANO»







THE AGRICULTURAL SUPPLY CHAIN PARMICIANO REGGIANO



DISCIPLINARY

Art.6 – Raw materials for feed

The following raw materials can be used in the feed:

- Cereals: corn, sorghum, barley, oats, wheat, triticale, rye, spelt, millet and panicumSemi di oleaginose: soia, lino, girasole
- Legume seeds: broad beans, field beans and protein peas
- Forage: Flours from permitted forage species
- Dried beet pulp
- Potato protein concentrate





EFFECTS OF COMPLETE REPLACEMENT OF CORN FLAKES WITH SORGHUM FLOUR IN DAIRY COWS FED PARMIGIANO REGGIANO DRY HAY-BASED RATION - ITALIAN JOURNAL OF ANIMAL SCIENCE

- In 2020, the University of Bologna conducted a study on **1.500 cows** producing PARMIGIANO REGGIANO
- Replace 10 kg/head/day of corn with 10 kg of sorghum
- No negative impact
- on the health, quantity, and quality of **MILK**
- yield and quality of CHEESE
- SORGHUM CAN COMPLETELY REPLACE CORN!!!











EXPERIMENTAL WORK ON SORGHUM IN PARMIGIANO REGGIANO

The University of Bologna has successfully tested the production of Parmigiano Reggiano cheese made from 100% white sorghum flour <u>instead</u> of 100% corn feed

RAW MATERIAL		FLAKES	M FLOUR	FRACTION		FLAKES	FLOUR
First cut hay kg/t.q.	kg/t.q.	10	<mark>10</mark>	Dry matter	%AF	89,06	88,62
		_		Ashes	%DM	5,82	6,37
Hay	kg/t.q.	<u> </u>	1	Oils and fats	%DM	<mark>4,02</mark>	3,95
Corn Flakes	kg/t.q.	<mark>10</mark>		<u>Protein</u>	%DM	14,2	<mark>14,7</mark>
				NDF	%DM	31,64	31,22
Sorghum Flour	kg/t.q.	•••••	<mark>10</mark>	ADF	%DM	19,25	19,03
Soy F.E. (44%)	kg/t.q.	<mark>3,5</mark>	3,5	ADL	%DM	3,55	3,48
Hydrogenated	kg/t.q.	<mark>0,4</mark>	0,4	dNDF24h	%NDF	44,61	44,53
Fats				dNDF240h	%NDF	80,03	79,87
Molasses	kg/t.q.	<mark>1,5</mark>	<mark>1,5</mark>	<u>Starch</u>	%DM	25,43	24,12

CODCIIII

THE ITALIAN SUPPLY CHAIN CHALLENGE: Sorghum as a valid opportunity



In **2024**, Italian agriculture is the FIRST in the European Union for added value (42.4 mld)

Increase in Italian agricultural and food exports with the dairy sector playing a key role)

2023	Import (T)*	Autoapprovigionamento*	Valore stimato
MAIS	6504000	46%	1.300.800.000,00€
FRUMENTO TENERO	5534000	36%	1.383.500.000,00€
ORZO	676000	63%	114.920.000,00€
GIRASOLE	226.000	58%	101.700.000,00€
SOIA	2.320.000	32%	1.020.800.000,00€

^{*} Dati ISTAT

Tasso di autoapprovvigionamento = Produzione / Consumi

Part of the added value is distributed OUTSIDE THE TERRITORY through the importation of raw materials (in particular cereals and protein-oil seeds) BUT... **SORGHUM IS COMING.**







SORGHUM IN THE PARMIGIANO REGGIANO SUPPLY CHAIN





For many years, thanks to **research by the University of Bologna**, the introduction of Sorghum **IN THE RATION** has provided the opportunity to also produce the **FEED** component (in addition to forage) on the Members' Farms and on their own land.

SORGHUM IN THE PARMIGIANO REGGIANO SUPPLY CHAIN





- Over 2.000 lactating cows
- Over 250 member farms
- 680.000 quintals of milk processed in 2024
- 45.300 forms produced (of wich 19.000 organic)
- Aging warehouse with 116.000 forms

SORGHUM IN THE PARMIGIANO REGGIANO SUPPLY CHAIN

Now the Cooperative's more than 2.000 lactating cows use :

- SORGHUM flour 2/3 of the ration
- Corn flakes and barley 1/3 of the ration



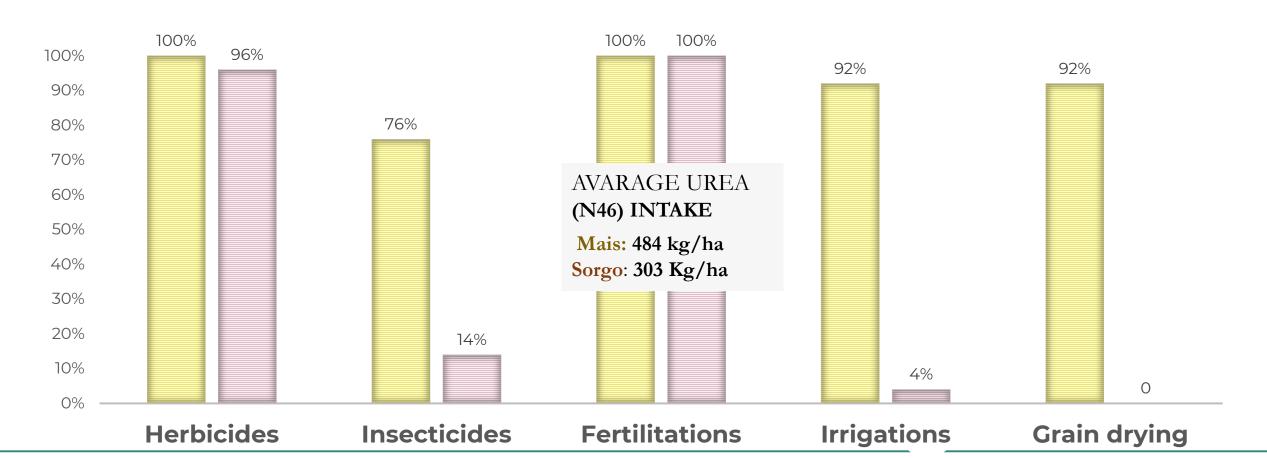


PRODUCTION IS IN THE TERRITORY

AGRONOMICAL COMPARISON IN PO VALLEY AREA

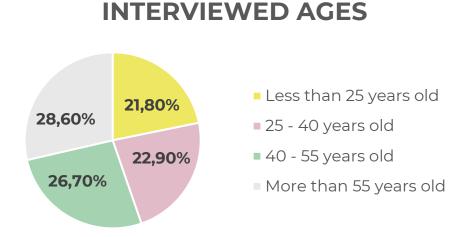


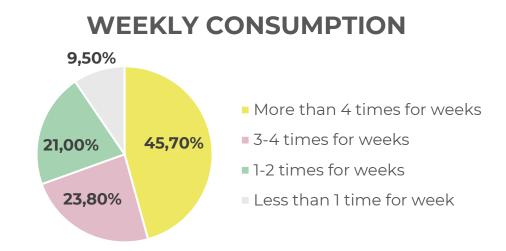




SORGHUM IN THE PR 4.0 SUPPLY CHAIN

After approval from a nutritional point of view, a market survey within the GOI Project that unites partners such as CRPA, University of Bologna and Albalat had the objective of understanding how much this more sustainable supply chain (called 4.0 PR Supply Chain) could be valorised on the market.

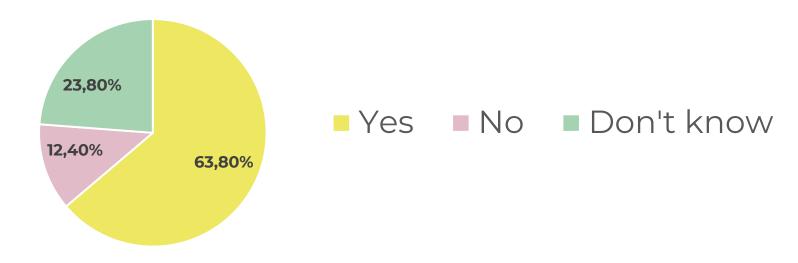




APPROVAL RATINGS FOR A MORE SUSTAINABLE PR 4.0 SUPPLY CHAIN

After Tasting products:

WILLINGNESS TO PAY MORE FOR PR 4.0 SUPPLY CHAIN



63,8% of people would be available to pay more





- 1) SORGHUM COULD HELP TO CONTAIN PRODUCTION COSTS
- 2) SORGHUM HAVE A GREATER EFFICIENCY AND MORE SUSTAINABILITY OF OTHER MACROTHERM PLANTS
- 3) SORGHUM COULD HELP TO PRODUCE FORAGE AND GRAINS ON YOUR OWN FARMS AND/OR IN YOUR SUPPLY CHAIN











THE POSITIVE PERCEPTION OF CONSUMERS,
THE NEW SCIENTIFIC REASEARCH,
THE AWARENESS REGARDING THE POTENTIAL OF
SORGHUM MAKE IT:

A SMART FEED FOR A SUSTAINABLE FUTURE.









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